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THE CHRONICLE.



VOL. XVIII. No. 33

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17th, 1925.

PRICE

Harvest Machinery !

McCormick Deering
John Deere Frost & Wood

And a full line of Repairs for them all
Binder Canvasses are Cheap this year,
Don't worry along with the old ones.

Upper Elevator - - \$5.25
Lower " - - 5.75
8 ft. Platform - - 9.75

Come In And Look Us Over.

William Laut
Groceries, Hardware, Implements.

GLOVER & Co. BUTCHERS.

ALL
Meats in Season
Fresh Fish
AND
Poultry

Phone 52

Crossfield.

FARMERS!!

We can give you Service and
Satisfaction in Handling your
Grain.

PARRISH & HEIMBECKER, Ltd.,
CROSSFIELD & CALGARY.

Phone 51

Agent: H. J. REEVES.

Robert Ure M.A., L.L.B.
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary,
has opened a Law office in Cross-
field, where he attends every day
for the general practice of the Law.
Farm Loans and Insurance.
Phone 53, Crossfield.

DENTIST

Dr HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
409-410 Herald Building, Calgary.
Will be at
THE HOTEL OLIVER, Crossfield,
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
of Each Week.
Room 6. Phone 54.

Local and General

The Chronicle invites readers to
send in items of interest for publica-
tion under this heading. If you
know of any visitors, or have other
notes of interest send it in.

Justice Rebekeah Lodge No. 62,
intend observing their Anniversary
on Wednesday evening, September
23rd, in the I.O.O.F. Hall, and extend
an invitation to all Oddfellows
and Rebekeahs in the district to come
and join them.

Pete Knight, the renowned bronk
rider of Crossfield, added to his long
string of successes by winning the
big stuff at New Westminster, B.C.,
last week. Evidently the ride of the
Stampede was when Pete rode
Tumbledweed to a finish, a horse
that no rider could stay on during
the Edmonton Stampede. Pete went
on to Pendleton, Oregon, to take
part in the Rodeo to be held there.
Good Luck Pete.

LOST on trail on Sunday last,
between Seville's and Crossfield, a
Lady's Purse, containing letters and
a small sum of money. Finder kindly
notify Miss Edith Seville or this
office.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION.
Sunday, September 20th, 1925.
7.30 p. m. Evening Prayer and
Sermon.

T.B. Winter, Travelling Mission-
ary will conduct the Service.

UNITED CHURCH, CROSSFIELD
Sunday, Sept. 20th, 1925.
Sunday School, Crossfield 2 p.m.
Evening Service at 7.30
W. A. Wallock, Sunday School
Superintendent.

Rev. P. C. McCrae B.A. Minister
Rally Day Services will be held
on Sunday, September 27th, at 2 p.
m., when a hearty invitation is
given to all S.S. in the community.
Special music in the evening at 7.30
p.m. Rev. P. C. McCrae will give
the address.

The Ladies' Aid will hold their
Annual Bazaar in the first week in
December. The date will be adver-
tised later.

Are you interested in the coming
election? If so you should be listen-
ing in for the Campaign speeches
which will soon be coming over the
air.

The regular monthly meeting of
the Women's Institute will meet in
the Union Church on Saturday,
Sept. 19th, at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Reed, of Calgary (a former
teacher of Crossfield) will address
the meeting on "Wild Flowers of
Alberta." Roll call "your favorite
wild flower."

CROSSFIELD DISTRICT CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION U.F.A. LIMITED.

LUMBER !

We have a Full New Stock of Bin and
Granery Lumber on hand, and can fix
you up in anything you need.

Quality and Prices always right.

CAR OF FRUIT ON TRACK
Peaches \$2.10-Prunes \$1.45-Pears \$4.50

COME IN AND SEE US.

REAL ESTATE

I am open to accept a few
more Listings of Land For Sale.

I have prospective buyers for
Land in this District.

Hurry if you want to get in
the running.

GUS. RETTSCHLAG,
Crossfield, Alfa.

FRED PULLAN
LICENSED
AUCTIONEER
For ALBERTA.
Phone 4 CROSSFIELD

ATLAS Lumber Co. Ltd. DRY

SHIPLAP any Length
Rough or Planed BOARDS

Everything for the GRAIN BIN
At Prices that will satisfy you.

We Can Give You Service.

Archie C. McLEES, Local Manager.

RED ROSE COFFEE "is good coffee"

The Cow Behind The Wagon

Delicious things are said and written these days about the present generation of youths and maidens, and sharp contrasts to their disadvantages are drawn by their parents and grandparents. We hear and read much to the effect that the young men and women of this age are going to the dogs; that they lack the morals, the stamina, the strength of character of previous generations. Much the same kind of thing was said of mankind in general prior to the Great War—that the race had lost its virility, its power of endurance, its courage and willingness to sacrifice and suffer. But the war demonstrated the falsity of such statements.

None the less it is true that we have lost some of the things that made our fathers and mothers the salt of the earth. In recent years we have heard a good deal about hard times, but contrasted with what the early pioneers of this country had to endure, these years were times of plenty and ease.

The world progresses and it is only right and what should be that succeeding generations should not be called upon to undergo the trials and struggles of bygone days. But our modern civilization, with all its manifold comforts and conveniences, has caused the young men and women of today to expect too much for what they are willing to give; to assume the attitude that the world owes them a living and that they are going to collect it in the easiest and quickest possible way.

Our attention was recently directed to a little local item appearing in a United States paper about a couple that was taking a deferred honeymoon, a honeymoon that took place twenty-five years after marriage. In that item it was stated that this couple, which had achieved a substantial success in the quarter century since marriage, had taken the original wedding trip in a lumber wagon with a cow behind the wagon, a gift of the bride's parents to the happy and hopeful couple.

This little reminder of a quarter century ago struck a popular chord in many memories, for within ten days after the article appeared not less than ten people dropped in at the newspaper office to tell the editor that they, too, had had a cow behind the wagon after the wedding ceremony, and that their only wedding journey was from the home of the bride to the new home where the couple was to start housekeeping. Most of those who came in were people to whom the years have given good things, many of them being able to pay cows today by the herd, if they wanted the critters. All of them gave credit for their success to their willingness to start with little and work hard for advancement.

The cow behind the wagon, says this newspaper, is symbolic of a generation of real workers, men and women who faced the world with little but with earnest ambition, willing to give for what they wanted. Armed with youth, determination, health and strength, the world was theirs for the taking.

The pioneers of fifty, even twenty-five years ago, first required a home, but the ambition of a large percentage of young people today is to own an automobile, whether they have a home or not. They will mortgage the future for present gratification. Forgetful, or perhaps ignorant, that "It is not the original cost but the upkeep," they blithely sign a bunch of promises to pay full up the lack with gas and age off.

Despite all the talk of hard times, there are more advantages for the ordinary man and woman today than there have ever been before, but the man and woman who wish to attain success must be prepared to pay the same price as our fathers and mothers and those before them paid—they must give before they get.

Word, hard work, and lots of it is one of the fine things life has to offer. There is nothing quite so satisfying as to begin at the bottom and climb, to start with little and accumulate for yourself. The boy or girl who does not have to strive for themselves, but who have everything found for them by their parents, are not the really fortunate ones, as we are sometimes led to believe. The young couple starting out in life where their parents left off miss the joy of achievement which their fathers and mothers experienced, and they never know that close and sympathetic comradeship which is realized by those who plan and work together shoulder to shoulder.

Peanuts and Almonds

Mr. Jack Prout, an enterprising young farmer near Portage la Prairie, has made a venture this year by attempting to grow peanuts and almonds. So far he has succeeded, and expects to have a satisfactory crop. Although he sowed his initial crop last year with good result, he embarked on a larger scale this season, and hopes it may prove a remunerative investment.

Marriage is the end of all man's troubles—one end or the other.

Invents New Method of Weaving

Cutting of cotton imports into Germany by half may result from a new method of weaving cloth with hemp, invented by the German textile expert, Dr. Gmünder. The hemp, it is expected, will replace in part the cotton formerly used in the cloth. There are about 5,000,000 acres of moorland in Germany adapted to the raising of hemp.

Sometimes people don't mind their own business because they haven't any mind.

Flying Into Matrimony

Swedish Couple Had Ceremony Performed On Board Airplane

A young Swedish couple were recently married while flying through the air on board an aeroplane. When the machine, carrying a full complement of passengers, had risen to a height of 1,500 ft., an altar was erected in the cabin, before which a Swedish clergyman performed the marriage ceremony, with a lawyer and his wife as witnesses. A wedding breakfast was then served, and the health of the couple drunk in champagne by all the passengers. The clergyman and the lawyer left the machine at Hamburg, but the couple continued their honeymoon trip to Amsterdam.

Home Not Complete Without Nervitine

When your stomach is badly upset, when you are belching gas and suffering from nausea, the quickest relief will come from 20 drops of Nervitine. Take it in its undiluted form, or add an immediate relief. Nervitine has been used for nearly half a century, and is consequently the most famous, because of its usefulness in preventing many small ills that constitute a large part of our daily life. Buy Nervitine everywhere in its neat bottles.

Buenos Aires Walks Up

The crossword puzzle craze, unknown to the general public a few weeks ago, has struck Buenos Aires and is spreading rapidly into the interior.

TONIC TREATMENT FOR INDIGESTION

The Surest Way to Relieve Stomach Trouble is Through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

When the stomach is feeble and food life in it undigested, the poisonous gases distend the walls of the stomach and cause serious interference with the action of the heart and lungs. These poisonous gases have a direct effect on the blood, and are absorbed by the blood and so weaken or corrupt it as to cause aches in remote parts of the body and the formation of unhealthy tissue everywhere. Experience shows that these troubles vanish just as soon as the stomach is made strong enough to digest the food.

In other words, it needs a tonic food which will enable it to do the work of changing the food into nourishment. The tonic used ought to be one that will agree with the most delicate stomach and this is exactly what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are.

Here is a bit of convincing proof given by Mrs. Chas. Ladner, Ellerslie, P.E.I., who writes:—"For some years I was a sufferer from stomach trouble. Everything I ate caused distress, sour stomach and belching. I could not eat meat or potatoes, and I grew weak and very nervous. No medicine would cure me. I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and in a couple of months, by which time every symptom of the trouble had disappeared, and there has not since been the slightest symptom of stomach trouble. No wonder I praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer, or by mail at 60 cents a box from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A wealthy Scotsman, 75 years old, is travelling 7,000 miles from Honolulu to Scotland to pick a few sprigs of heather and eat a dish of haggis.

Why suffer from corns when they can be painlessly rooted out by using Holloway's Corn Remover.

Trying New Experiment

Boys In London Orphanage Educated As Individuals

In this day of specialisation it is interesting to read of a novel experiment in education which is being tried, so far with signal success, by one of the orphanages of London. Each boy is treated as an individual, and a separate timetable is drawn up for his benefit. Class work is in this way abolished altogether. A boy is encouraged to specialise in the particular branch for which he is fitted, and the confident hope is expressed that in this way those whom the institution sends out into the world will be found especially equipped for the vocation in life they are to follow.

Mrs. Dump (who has just received her C. O. D. package from the butcher shop).—Here, take these codfish right back. I order a herring.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

W. N. U. 1939

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 13

PAUL IN THESSALONICA AND BORGES

Golden Text: Prove all things; hold fast that which is good. I. Thessalonians 5:21.

Lesson: Acts 17:1-12.
Devotional Reading: I. Thessalonians 5:21.

The Text Explained and Illuminated
Paul, preaching in Thessalonica, verses 1-3.—From Philippi Paul and his companions went by way of the cities of Amphipolis and Apollonia to Thessalonica. Here at Thessalonica they remained several months, as we know from Paul's letters to the Thessalonians. Luke speaks only of his preaching in the synagogue for three successive Sabbaths. Luke says he reasoned with them; he cited Scripture passages which were prophetic of the Christ; he then showed that Jesus fulfilled these prophecies, and thus reasoned, or argued, that Jesus is the Christ. Arnot explains Paul's reasoning by this figure:—The Jews were like little children who had a tree in their garden, their father's legacy. The children had gathered the nuts as they grew, and laid them out with reverence in a store house; but they knew not how to break open the shell and so get the meat out of the nuts. Paul broke the shell, opened out the kernel, and presented it as food to the hungry."

Miller's Worm Powders prove their value. They do not cause any violent disturbances in the stomach, any pain or griping, but do their work quietly and painlessly, so that the destruction of the worms is imperceptible. Yet they are thorough, and from the first dose there is improvement in the condition of the sufferer and a cessation of manifestations of internal trouble.

After Many Years

French and Belgian Troops Turn Ruhr Over to Germans

The French and Belgian troops have turned over the Ruhr to the Germans after four years occupation, undertaken to compel Germany to pay reparations. There were no disturbances, no demonstrations, no public expression of either regret or pleasure. There were, however, many emotional partings between young French soldiers and their German sweethearts.

Waiting impatiently outside the city, 1,500 security police were assembled to take over the general policing. The allied army marched out with bands playing.

Distinguishing Marks Necessary

There are many people named Smith in England, that a symbol, known as the monogram, has been patented to distinguish them. There are a total of 530,000 Smiths in Britain. Of these 304,000 are J. Smith, 41,000 are W. Smith, 30,000 John W. Smith and 5,000 John William Smith.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house

British Coal Exports Increase

A statement of the coal division of the department of commerce on the British coal situation, sent by radio from London, points out that, while British coal exports fell off in the first seven months of the year, the export of 319,000 tons to Canada in the seven-month period represented a big increase. The British coal industry is said to be slowly resuming operations after the labor crisis.

The needle of a Chinese compass points to the south.



Rapid Fire Gun Disappears

Failed to Arrive at French Station and Cannot Be Found

Mystery surrounds the disappearance of a newly invented rapid fire gun built on lines of the Lewis gun, from which great things had been hoped for. The weapon disappeared from the railroad depot at Brive la Gaillarde, France, while in transit.

The gun, which is the invention of the workmen of a Tulle arms factory, was being shipped to a proving ground for trial before a parliamentary commission prior to its adoption by the army. It failed to arrive and an inquiry was started. It was traced to Brive la Gaillarde, where the box in which it had been packed was found to have been opened. Parts of the gun were scattered about the depot. It is not known whether the parts were abstracted to be copied in the interest of some foreign power or whether the breaking open of the box was due to carelessness by railway employees.

Danger From Yellow Races

Is Economic Rather Than Military Says Dean Inge

Dean Inge, who recently visited Canada, thinks the danger to the white races will come, not from the black nor from the red races, but from the yellow and the brown—the Japanese, the Chinese, and the Indians. He believes that for a long time to come the danger will not be of a military but of an economic character. The question was how the high-standard European and American was to cope with the cheap labor, perhaps directed by white capital, of the Asiatic races.

Nights of Agony come in the train of asthma. The victim cannot lie down, and sleep is driven from his brain. What grateful relief is the immediate effect of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy, it banishes the frightful condition, clears the passages, and enables the afflicted one to again sleep as soundly and restfully as a child. Trust in the genuine at your nearby drugist.

New Liquid Motor Fuel

A new liquid motor fuel called carbon, invented by Mahkhan, a Russian, is said to have given ten to fifteen per cent. higher efficiency than benzine when tested by the French navy.

Performing Gold Fish

Two gold fish are the stars of a show in Birmingham, England. In a large bowl they perform all kinds of tricks. Their stunts have been a success at 150 performances.

MURINE EYES
IRRITATED BY
SUN, WIND, DUST & CINDERS
RECOMMENDED & SOLD BY DRUGGISTS & OPTICIANS
SEEK FOR THE PINK PANDA LOGO—GUARANTEE OF GENUINENESS

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA



MOTHER—Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and children of all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of **Dr. J. C. Fletcher**.
Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

A CAPO POLISH For Every Purpose

FOR STOVES—Stain Polish.
FOR STOVE PIPES—Odorless Jet Enamel.
FOR SHOES—Gold Leaf Dressing or British Military Polish.
THE CAPO BRAND SIGNIFIES QUALITY

DEPENDABLE FAMILY

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FOR MONEY-MAKING, HOME-WORK

COMMERCIAL-KNITTING by Superior-Hand-Power-Machines with a world-wide-able-reputation backed by over 54 years' experience in producing machines of high-grade, simplicity, speed, durability and practicability for money-making and family-use. THEY ARE GOOD-SELLERS-INDIVIDUALLY or by the THOUSAND through live-vire-agents. Our unsolicited testimonials are worth-reading.

A VALUABLE-AGENCY. PLACE-YOUR-ORDERS DIRECT WITH US. VARN-SAMPLES-FREE. Catalogue and price-lists on request.

POWER-MACHINES FAMILY-MACHINES — LATCH-NEEDLES A SPECIALTY

ADDRESS—CREELMANS LIMITED—MANUFACTURERS
Dept. 1157, GEORGETOWN, ONT., CANADA 1925

Wanted.—Good Second-hand Cook Stove. Must be in good condition
F. Purvis, Crossfield.

For Sale.—Threshers'
One Water Tank in good shape.
Price \$20. Apply T. Tredaway.
Phone 112

Wanted.—To lease half-section or section of farming land. James Millar, Box 62, Crossfield.
Phone 1210

Strays.—Two Horses, one brown mare 8 years old, and one Hocksline Saddle Mare, about 10 years old. Been missing since May 10th. Anyone returning or giving information as to the whereabouts of same will be suitably rewarded.
J. H. Benoit, P.O. Box 76, Crossfield.

Council Meetings

The council of the Village of Crossfield will meet in the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer on the first Monday of each month, commencing with February at the hour of 8:30 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.
-S- W. McRory, Sec.-Treas.

Crossfield School District No. 752
The Regular Meeting of the above School Board will be held in the Drug Store, Crossfield, at 8 p.m., on the second Monday of each month.
Ratepayers are invited to be present at these meetings.

All matters of business pertaining to this district will be attended to at this meeting.

The office of the Sec.-Treas. is in the Crossfield Drug Store.

A. W. GORDON, Chairman.
Merrick Thomas, Sec.-Treas.

EASTMAN KODAKS, FILMS, VELOX PAPER and POST CARDS.

Developing Tanks, Trays, &c.

For Sale by

MERRICK THOMAS, Druggist

SHEET

Metal Works.

J. L. McRory.

CROSSFIELD, Alberta.

If you want any

Statements or

Letterheads

Call on

The Chronicle.

WANTED:—All Ladies of Crossfield and District to patronize the Beauty Parlor, in Hotel Oliver, on Thursday of each week. For your appointment phone 49, Crossfield.

ESTRAYS.—Please notify E. P. Wyle, P.O. Box 88, or phone 1213, Crossfield, of any stray cattle with brand OK on right hip.

WEEKLY NEWS BULLETIN

Big Sugar Beet Crop

Harvesting of Alberta's first sugar beet crop on the irrigated districts in the south for the new sugar beet factory at Raymond is commencing. The crop is a large one, and is expected to average 15 or 16 tons to the acre throughout the district, which will give a total harvest of more than 100,000 tons. The factory at Raymond will open for operations shortly. Some of the farmers expect to get as high as 25 tons of beets to the acre.

Additions to Wheat Pools

The Alberta wheat pool is adding an average of 4000 acres each day to the total acreage involved in the pool for the 1926 crop according to an announcement from the pool headquarters. In one day in the past week 8000 acres were added.

Big Oil Company to Operate in Alberta

The famous Dutch Shell Oil Company, with activities all over the world and in which the British Government is a heavy shareholder, has decided to enter the Canadian field. This word comes from Ottawa in the latest copy of the official Canadian Gazette, announcing the incorporation of a million dollar Canadian Shell Oil Development Company. It is the forecast of big developments in the oil fields of Western Canada where the Shell people have had an eminent geologist, John Irving Moore, investigating the geological structures in Alberta for the last two months.

Course in Agriculture

Attention is called to the B.Sc. course in Agriculture at the University of Alberta. Young men who can afford the time and cost to secure a foundational course in the University will find this new four year course worth investigation, the last two years being based somewhat on the elective system allows for quite a range of choice.

Should Save Seed Corn

Farmers who are growing Howes Alberta Flint Corn in quantity will, as a matter of course, save seed for their own use, or to sell. Those who are growing it in gardens however, should see to it that they save a small quantity of seed for their own use. The College of Agriculture cannot furnish the seed for everyone.

T.B. Survey

That children born in Alberta show less tendency to tuberculosis than those born in other countries is disclosed in the survey of school children undertaken in 1924 by the Alberta tuberculosis association, which report has recently been published. In this survey a total 1051 school children in various parts of the province were examined. Of this number 822 were children born in Alberta and only 11 per cent. of these showed re-action to the tuberculin test. Re-actors in children born in other countries showed percentages ranging from 20 to 36. Out of the total of 1051, there were 144 re-actors, or only 13.07 per cent.

Pest Experts to Meet Here

Farm pest experts will hold their 1926 conference at Lethbridge, according to the decision at the meeting of the international crop pest committee recently. The prairie provinces, and the states of North Dakota, Montana, Wisconsin and Minnesota will be represented. H. L. Seamans, dominion government entomologist at the experimental farm at Lethbridge, is secretary of the committee.

Cutting and Threshing in One Operation

E. G. Cook, M.L.A., Pincher Creek, is cutting and threshing his threshing his wheat crop with one operation. He uses a machine drawn by eight horses, cuts a swath 35 ft. wide, and covers 35 to 40 acres daily, employing two men, one to drive the horses and the other to look after the threshing machine which is operated by a 25 h.p. motor. Only enough straw is cut to get all the heads. This is elevated as in any binder or header and dropped into the threshing machine. Tank wagons follow the machine to take the wheatstream. Only fields of uniformly ripe grain can be successfully handled. Saving of twine, stocking, shattering of grain from the usual many handlings, and of labor are effected, amounting in all to about 15c. per bushel, according to Mr. Cook.

School Fairs

A total of 112 School Fairs will be held this year throughout the Province under the auspices of the provincial departments of agriculture and education. The interest being taken in these fairs is as keen as ever, and a large number of children participate. In the Edmonton school fair district, 14 fairs are being held, in the Vermillion district 15 fairs, in the Sedgewick district 12 fairs, in the Olds district 36 fairs and in the Claresholm district 35 fairs. In 1924 there were approximately 185,000 entries in the school fairs, which gives some idea of the large number of children competing. The fairs are under the general supervision of the field crops branch of the department of agriculture.

To Demonstrate Weed Cleaner

The provincial department of agriculture, which is undertaking to manufacture for marketing the Stephen grain cleaning attachment for separators, will make a demonstration of the improved machine at Calgary, Lethbridge and Claresholm in the near future. The demonstration at Calgary will take place toward the end of next week in the vicinity of Shepard. A further announcement concerning this will be made. The machine has recently been considerably improved and is considered modern in every respect.

Deafness Sometimes An Aid to Success

"Actually, deaf children are at an advantage when compared with normal youngsters in certain respects," according to an official of the world convention of teachers of the deaf. "They have greater powers of concentration, and, as their education is developed manually, they train into excellent craftsmen."

"Moreover, there is a language of signs which is world-wide in its application, and a deaf child set down in a strange country would be able to rub along where another would find the language bar insuperable. It is a sort of Esperanto in signs."

"The other day, for instance, some Japanese sailors in a British city could make nobody understand their needs until a deaf lad interpreted their signs correctly as meaning 'poached eggs on toast.'"

Grouped at the London Day Training College in Southampton row is an exhibition of the work of deaf scholars, comprehensive in its scope, utilitarian as well as decorative, which has been gathered from the four corners of the earth.

PRINTING

For anything in the Printing

line give us a look in

Why send out of town
and pay more for
inferior work?

Anything from a calling card
to a large poster.

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Office

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FOR
HEADACHE, BILIOUSNESS,
CONSTIPATION,
INDIGESTION,
KIDNEYS, LIVER,
BOWELS.

Business Stability in Canada

The Canadian dollar, in rising above par in the United States has, according to the South Bend, Ind., Tribune, done something so notable that Canadians may well take great pride in it. "It is not often," the Tribune says, "that the money of any other country goes above the American dollar." In this case it evidences, says the Tribune, "the soundness of business conditions in Canada and the increase of export trade."

BAREE, SON OF KAZAN

by
James Oliver Curwood

A LOVE EPIC OF THE FAR NORTH

Copyright, 1917, by Doubleday, Page & Co.

"BAREE, SON OF KAZAN," a Vitaphon Picture, With Wolf, the War Dog.
Is an Adaptation of This Story

SYNOPSIS

Repease, the Willow, while hunting with her father, Pierrot, shot at Baree, the dog-wolf, inflicting only a trivial wound. When she found Baree was not a full-blooded wolf she greatly regretted having fired. She pursued Baree to pet him but he disappeared. Baree encountered Oohoomlew, a huge snow owl, and the two had a terrific fight, in which Baree conquered but did not kill. This fight was good medicine for the young Baree, giving him confidence in himself.

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

Baree's rock, instead of rising for a hundred feet or more straight up, was possibly as high as a man's head. It was in the edge of the creek-bottom, with the spruce forest close at its back. For many hours he did not sleep, but lay keenly alert, his ears tuned to catch every sound that came out of the dark woods about him. There was more than curiosity in his alertness tonight. His education had broadened immensely in one way: he had learned that he was a very small part of this wonderful earth that lay under the stars and the moon, and he was keenly alive with the desire to become better acquainted with it without any more fighting or hurt. Tonight he knew what it meant when he saw now and then gray shadows float silently out of the forest into the moonlight—the owls, monsters of the breed with which he had fought. He heard the crackling of hooved feet and the smashing of heavy bodies in the underbrush. He heard again the moaning of the moose. Voices came to him that he had not heard before—the sharp yap-yap-yap of a fox, the unearthly laughing cry of a great Northern loon on a lake half a mile away, the scream of a lynx that came floating through miles of forest, the low, soft croaks of the nightjawks between himself and the stars.

All these sounds held their new meaning for Baree. Swiftly he was coming into his knowledge of the



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W. N. U. 192

wilderness. His eyes gleamed; his blood thrilled. For many minutes at a time he scarcely moved. But of all the sounds that came to him, the wolf-cry thrilled him most. Again and again he listened to it. At times it was far away, so far that it was like a whisper, dying away almost before it reached him; and then again it would come to him full-throated, hot with the breath of the chase, calling him to the thrill of the hunt, to the wild cry of torn flesh and running blood—calling, calling, calling.

Next morning Baree found many crayfish along the creek, and he feasted on their succulent flesh until he felt that he would never be hungry again. Nothing had tasted quite so good since he had eaten the crayfish of which he had robbed Sekonew the ermine.



"Down there, on a clean strip of the shore that rose out of the soft mud of the pond, waddled fat little Umisk and three of his playmates. Umisk was just about Baree's age, perhaps a week or two younger. But he was fully as heavy, and almost as wide as he was long.

And then, of a sudden, someone saw Baree. It was a big beaver swimming down the pond with a sapling timber for the new dam that was under way. Instantly he loosed his hold and the report of a rifle, there came the crack of his big fat tail on the water—the beaver's signal of danger that on a quiet night can be heard half a mile away.

"Danger," it warned. "Danger—danger—danger!"

Scarcely had the signal gone forth when tails were cracking in all directions in the pond, in the hidden canals, in the thick willows and alders. To Umisk and his companions they said: "Run for your lives!" Baree stood rigid and motionless now. In amazement he watched the four little beavers plunge into the pond and disappear. He heard the sounds of other and heavier bodies striking the water. And then there followed a strange and disquieting silence. Softly Baree whined, and his whine was almost a sobbing cry. Why had Umisk and his little mates run away from him? What had he done that they didn't want to make friends with him? A great loneliness swept over him—a loneliness greater even than that of his first night away from his mother. The last of the sun faded out of the sky as he stood there. Darker shadows crept over the pond. He looked into the forest, where night was gathering and with another whining cry he slunk back into it. He had not found friendship. He had not found comradeship. And his heart was very sad.

CHAPTER VII.

For two or three days Baree's excursions after food took him farther and farther away from the pond. But each afternoon he returned to it—until the third day, when he discovered a new creek, and Wakayoo. The creek was fully two miles back in the forest. This was a different sort of



MURINE
FOR YOUR EYES
Wholesome, Cleansing, Refreshing

stream. It sang merrily over a gravelly bed and between chasm walls of split rock. It formed deep pools and foaming eddies, and where Baree first struck it, the air trembled with the distant thunder of a waterfall. It was much pleasanter than the dark and silent beaver stream. It seemed possessed of life, and the rush and tumult of it—the song and thunder of the water—gave to Baree entirely new sensations. He made his way along it slowly and cautiously, and it was because of his slowness and caution that he came suddenly and unobserved upon Wakayoo, the big black bear, hard at work fishing.

(To be continued)

An Interesting Discovery

South American Palm Seed Is Found in Saskatchewan

An object regarded as an oddly-shaped stone resembling a horse chestnut was found by Alfred Bore, farmer, of Court, Sask., in 1913, while he was digging a well.

Through the agency of Miss Kathleen Hazell, teacher of a school near Court, Dean W. J. Ruberford, of the College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, has examined the object and has identified it as the seed of a palm tree found growing only in tropical climes.

Professor H. T. Dickson, professor of biology at Macdonald College, Quebec, has confirmed this report, identifying the nut as fruit of a palm actually a native of South America and known commonly as vegetable ivory. When found, the nut was covered with a thin shell or husk. This alone was sufficient, giving the impression that the object was a stone. The kernel of the nut was in a good state of preservation. It was found 26 feet below the surface, the conjecture is as to how and when it got there.

Oldest Printed Book in Canada

Bible Owned by Toronto Doctor Is 408 Years Old

Dr. J. D. Tyrrell, 176 Bloor Street East, Toronto, Ont., is the owner of probably the oldest printed book there is in Canada. It is a Bible. On its back is the title "Biblia Nurnberg," the Nurnberg Bible which was printed there by Anton Koberger in 1477.

This book, which is 448 years old, but which looks fresh enough for a Christmas gift, is in its original binding of leather, hand-tooled with elaborate designs, whose imprints are overlaid with gold leaf. Its pages are of vellum, made by hand, are 15 to 11 inches, bearing two columns each of Latin words. The pages themselves are in a remarkably well-preserved condition, and show not the slightest sign of deterioration, being but slightly discolored in places by moisture.

Consider Building Glass Houses

Would Hardly Ever Need Repairs Say American Experts

American glass experts are considering plans for building houses of opaque glass which they claim can be produced in great quantities at a reasonable cost. "The material for the proposed glass house can be made in slabs one-eighth of an inch thick, thirty inches wide, and nine feet long. These slabs of opaque glass can be made in any shade or color the builder wants." The glass houses must be constructed on a concrete foundation and a wood framework. There will be an air-pocket between the outside and the inside walls which will keep out both heat and cold. "It is claimed that the first cost of the house would also prove to be practically the last, as the need for repairs would be almost non-existent."

It must be very hard for you to leave the dear homeland and all the tender associations it has for you!

"Oh, that doesn't trouble me—but I'm awfully sorry I have to break off the serial now running in our daily paper!"

Mrs. Cohen: "This Hfiguard saved your life, Cohen. Shall I gift him a dollar?"

Mr. Cohen: "I was just half dead when he pulled me out. Gift him fifty cents."

In the Long Ago
He—"What a pretty fan."
She—"Yes, I had it given to me when I first came out."
He—"Really!" It has worn well.



Every Woman Needs a Sink

Why get along without a kitchen sink any longer? Here is a new SMP Enamelled Wavy Sink, the very latest. Made of rust-resisting Armco Iron, with three coats of purest white enamel, same as on bath tubs. Size 20" x 30" x 6" deep, with 12" back, complete with strainer, brackets, all fittings and directions for setting up. Price, complete, \$13.00.

The SMP Enamelled Drain Board shown above is made to fit the SMP Enamelled Wavy Sink, or all standard sinks. Size 20" x 24", with three coats of purest white enamel, same as on bath tubs. A great labor saver. Price, complete, \$6.50.

For sale by plumbers and hardware stores throughout the country, or write

THE SHEET METAL PRODUCTS CO., 1000 WESTERN TRADING BUILDING, SOUTHWEST CORNER, VANCOUVER, CANADA

Albathaca Tar Sands

Samples of the Albathaca tar sands in the Fort McMurray district, Alberta, were taken this summer by a federal mining engineer for experimental purposes.

GREAT HELP TO YOUNG MOTHERS

Baby's Own Tablets Have Many Uses and Are Absolutely Harmless

To have in the house a simple harmless remedy for the minor ills of babies and little children is a great boon to you as mothers and this is exactly why Baby's Own Tablets have been found in many households. They reduce fevers, allay the irritation of cutting teeth and regulate the bowels, relieve like them.

Mrs. Mary L. Darnell, Central Falls, R.I., says: "Baby's Own Tablets are just what they are recommended to be. My little girl was feverish and restless and would be awake all night. I got a box of Baby's Own Tablets and they helped her at once. She is not nervous now and sleeps well at night. I have never used a better medicine for my troubles. I have also found that Baby's Own Tablets good at bedtime time and am glad to recommend them to other mothers."

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by all druggists or will be mailed on receipt of 50 cents per box. Write the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockton, Mass. A little booklet, "Care of the Baby's Health," will be sent free to any mother on request.

These great men who assert that they began life as school teachers must have been precocious infants.

ASK THIS HALIFAX NURSE

She Is Willing to Answer Letters from Women Asking About Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Halifax, Nova Scotia.—"I am a maternity nurse and have recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to many women who were children, also to women who need a good tonic. I am English and my husband is American, and he told me Lydia E. Pinkham while in England. I would appreciate a copy of two of your little books, one on the ailments of women which I keep to hand. I will willingly answer letters from any woman asking about the Vegetable Compound. Write to S. M. Coleman, 24 Unwin Street, Halifax, Nova Scotia."

Could Not Sleep Nights

Dublin, Ontario.—"I was weak and irregular with pain in head and could not sleep nights. I learned about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound by reading the letters in the newspapers and tried it because I wanted to get better. I have got good results from it and I feel a lot stronger and am not troubled with such bad headaches as I used to be and am more regular. I am gaining in weight all the time and tell my friends what kind of medicine I am taking. You may use my letter as a help to others. Mrs. JAMES RACHO, Box 12, Dublin, Ontario."

GERMANY INVITED TO JOIN FRANCE IN SECURITY PACT

London.—France and her allies have invited Germany to enter into negotiation for a definite treaty intended to guarantee an endless era of peace in Western Europe.

The invitation was extended in a note handed to the German Government by the French ambassador at Berlin. It is a reply to Germany's note of July 20, on the subject of security.

In their reply, the French, in common with their allies, confine themselves to observations on only three points.

The points, on which the French would postulate all future efforts to guarantee security are that the treaty of Versailles must be modified, that Germany should enter the league, not with the reservations, as Germany has suggested, and that provision should be made for compulsory arbitration of future disputes.

An early conference between the German foreign minister and the allied foreign ministers is already in prospect. Word came from Berlin tonight that the French, British and Belgian ambassadors had joined in a statement that the allies think advisable that their juridical experts should meet German experts as soon as possible to clear up technical questions and pave the way for a meeting of the foreign ministers. It is expected that the experts will get down to "round table business" in London this week.

No Drifters Wanted

Vancouver, Adopte Policy For Relief Work For Coming Winter

Vancouver, B.C.—"No drifters need apply" and "No work, no pay," was the policy adopted for this coming winter in the matter of relief work according to a decision of the civic employment committee here.

Every railway station in the three prairie provinces will be placarded with notices informing the population of drifters that relief work in Vancouver at the rate of \$2.00 a day for married men and \$1.00 a day for single men will be afforded only to men who can prove residence of six months in the city prior to application for relief work. In addition to the placarding of railway stations the city's policy will be advertised in prairie newspapers.

Oppose One Big Union

A. J. Cook As Sponsor Severely Criticized In Britain

London.—A division of opinion has arisen among British trade unionists over the proposal to be submitted to the forthcoming Trades Union Congress, providing for the formation of a great industrial alliance of all the unions, representing 5,000,000 workers. A. J. Cook, general secretary of the Miners' Federation, is the main sponsor of the proposal, which is represented in the press as an attempt to capture the unions by the "Reds." The scheme is already meeting with opposition.

French Troops Driven Back London.—The Jerusalem correspondent of Reuter's reports that the French troops have been forced to evacuate several towns and withdraw their lines before the revolting Brute tribesmen in Syria. The French are said to have evacuated Khirbat-el-Ghazl with losses and later the town was occupied by the enemy.

Ask Life Sentence

New York.—Because he felt he was so old he was a burden on his friends and relatives, William Johnston, 73, arrested for vagrancy, asked Magistrate Ellipstein to give him a life sentence. Johnston got three months in the House for the Aged.

Evacuate German Towns

Dusseldorf, Germany.—The French and Belgian troops have evacuated Dusseldorf, Duisburg and Ruhrort, and the "sanctions cities," which they had occupied since 1921.

Japan has the highest birth rate of any country in which vital statistics are kept.

W. N. U., 1932

Britain Giving Farm Training To Unemployed

Men Sent to Canada or Australia After Completion of Course

London.—The ministry of labor, in conjunction with the overseas settlement committee, is establishing centres where a six months' residential course will be given to a limited number of unemployed young men unable them to engage in farm work in Canada or Australia. The first one to be opened will be at Clayton, near Ipswich.

Applications from eligible young men from all parts of the country are invited. Those selected will be given free railway passage to Clayton, but they must undertake to remain in training there for the full six months' course and proceed direct to either of the two destinations mentioned at the end of their term.

The applicants must be single men between the ages of 19 and 25, but suitable ex-service men, up to the age of 29, will be accepted. Only men who have no trade need apply.

Before any of these young men may emigrate to Canada or Australia they must be approved by a representative of the Dominion to which they wish to go.

Delegates Clash Over Opium Question

Woman Envoy From U. S. Asked To Prove Her Charge

Geneva.—Opium smuggling into the Philippines brought the United States delegate, Mrs. Hamilton Wright into conflict with the British delegates in the League of Nations opium commission. She charged that a large amount of opium was sent from British North Borneo and wanted to know why the British could not stop the shipments as India had done.

Both Sir Malcolm de Levisne, British, and Sir J. Campbell, India, questioned Mrs. Wright's accuracy and she promised to produce figures.

The Indian Government informed the commission that India had stopped selling opium to Persia and to the Portuguese colony of Macao near Hong Kong, because consignments shipped to these places have been used illegally.

The Indian Government stated it would follow the same policy toward other countries when there was evidence of the improper use of opium.

Germans Fight With French

Sixteen Thousand Germans Join French Foreign Legion

Paris.—Once enemies at arms, 16,000 Germans—exactly half the total strength of the French Foreign Legion—are in Morocco fighting the battle of France against the rebellious Moorish tribesmen.

Applications from former German soldiers to be permitted to lead their aid to their former enemies in the warfare against the Rifians are coming in such numbers that it is impossible for the French ministry of war to accept all of them.

Standard Phone System Advocated

Halifax, N.S.—That the telephone Association of Canada would be doing a national work if they brought about the adoption of standard methods of operation and apparatus which would make possible at some future time a universal telephone service was the point stressed by C. F. Sile, president of the Bell Telephone Company of Canada, at the business session of the association.

Heavy Rainfall Floods Tokio

Tokio.—Tokio was flooded as a result of almost 36 hours continuous rainfall. Electric lights, telephone and street car services were impaired. Honjo, the lower section of the city, is inundated, and thousands of homes have been flooded. Few casualties have been reported, but heavy damage is expected.

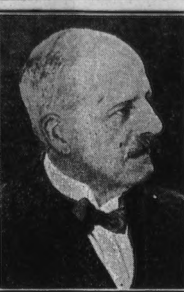
Medicine Hat By-election

Edmonton.—The Medicine Hat by-election will likely be held near the end of September. Premier Greenfield expects to make definite announcement of the date during the next few days.

Open New Cable Line

San Francisco.—A new direct cable line from London to San Francisco has been successfully tested. It will be opened September 8.

Is Appointed Director



Sir George McLaren Brown, European General Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who recently arrived in Canada to attend the funeral of the late George Morris Bosworth, chairman Canadian Pacific steamships. Later Sir George was appointed a Director of Canadian Pacific steamships in succession to the late Sir Thomas Fisher.

Sir George McLaren Brown, who was born in Hamilton, Ont., in 1865, was appointed agent of the company at Vancouver in 1887 from which post he was promoted by degrees to that of General European Manager. Sir George received his title of Knight Commander of the British Empire in recognition of his distinguished services as Assistant Director General of Movements and Transport for the British Government during the last three years of the war in which capacity he served with rank of Colonel, Imperial Forces.

JUSTICE SHOULD BE FOR THE RICH AND POOR ALIKE

Winnipeg.—Declaring that justice should be swift, certain and open alike to rich and poor, Right Hon. Lord Buckmaster, of Cheddington, former Lord Chancellor of England, told the annual convention of the Canadian Bar Association that in his opinion, the legal profession deserved the reproach that while the poor man was sure of even justice from the bench, he was not sure to get it from the bar.

Lord Buckmaster advanced a possible means to remove this reproach when he suggested that every lawyer take a certain number of poor men's cases every year.

The law, Lord Buckmaster believed, should extend "not only from man to man, but to angry and warring nations, until justice prevails over the earth."

Lord Buckmaster's address was followed by tumultuous applause, with the audience rising to its feet and on the motion of Chief Justice Anglin, the distinguished Britisher was made a life member of the Canadian Bar Association.

In opening his remarks, Lord Buckmaster declared that the world was "still in the morning of time" and the forces which threaten society, were among those which lawyers should control as the guardians of liberty.

No lawyer, he continued, should entirely separate himself from the arena of making law to be confined in his work to the administration of law only.

Rain Causes Loss to Millers

Edmonton.—Recent rains and cold weather in Northern and Central Alberta have set back local millers in turnover at the rate of \$20,000 per week, according to the estimate of one Edmonton miller. It is also estimated that the period of delayed milling operations has been two weeks, so that total loss in turnover is around \$40,000, all due to interruption of harvesting and the longer period necessary for grain to dry out sufficiently for milling purposes.

Snow In Foothills

Edmonton.—Two feet of snow fell west of Rocky Mountain House in the foothills of the Rockies last week, according to word which reached Edmonton. The crops south and west were flattened to the ground. Roads were impassable for a day or two.

Europe Paying Up

Five Countries Are Cleaning Up Debts To Canada

Toronto.—Venturing the prophecy that Canada was on the eve of the best year for business ever experienced, Hon. P. C. Larkin, high commissioner for Canada at London, who has just returned home for a brief visit, said here that her debt was gradually being reduced. The amount owed by Canada by five European countries was still large, but not nearly as large as three years ago, when \$200,000,000 was owing. Over \$160,000,000 of that had been collected over twelve months during the past year, Mr. Larkin stated.

"What are the prospects of collecting the balance of \$40,000,000?" he was asked.

"Well, literally, the balance is \$37,000,000, and I think we have good hopes of getting that in, too," he replied. "But, at any rate, we are getting interest on it—something which we did not get for three years after the war."

The high commissioner was asked concerning the amount to be received by Canada under the Dawes reparation plan.

"We are gradually getting our allotted share," he replied, "and collected in reparation this year \$1,250,000. I think that plan will be carried out each year, giving us a larger amount for many years to come." Great Britain received her payments largely in kind, but Mr. Larkin explained, that is equivalent to gold, as the goods are immediately sold and might be sold without ever being taken to Britain for sale.

Report Canadian Banks In Good Condition

Have Plenty of Money on Hand For All Purposes

Toronto.—The Globe in a news item says that the statement of Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Bank, that there is plenty of money available this year for moving the western crop, was corroborated by the general managers of two Canadian chartered banks, both of whom said the banks were in splendid shape for the financing of the grain harvest.

The Globe adds: "They also stated that the same condition prevailed as regards all legitimate business enterprises throughout the Dominion, the banks having plenty of funds on hand. While interest rates have not shown much change in recent months, and are about the same as they were a year ago, the fact that the money is available, not only for the crop movement, but for all sound business undertakings, is an encouraging one."

Australia Will Soon Approve Trade Treaty

Government Corresponding With Canada Over New Regulations

Ottawa.—Correspondence: It is understood, in passing between the Canadian and Australian Governments in regard to the Australian regulation which, with exceptions, provides that before imports entering Australia are entitled to the British preferential tariff they must be of 75 per cent. British material and labor. The old regulation, which applied generally throughout the empire, including Canada, was 25 per cent.

It was the adoption of this new 75 per cent regulation which caused a hitch in the negotiations between Canada and Australia over a trade treaty. The treaty had been concluded with the Commonwealth of Australia when by order-in-council the Australian Government adopted the new regulation.

To Be Deported

Vancouver.—Sixteen Chinese members of the crew of the steamship City of Victoria, who went on a sympathetic strike following it, is declared, ordered from Shanghai, were sentenced to serve six weeks each in Okalla Prison, after which they will be deported.

Explosives As Rain Maker

Greenville, S.C.—High explosives are to be used in rain making experiments here. The idea originated with a war veteran, who believes the artillery bombardment caused the heavy rainfall in France during the war.

NEW AGREEMENT FOR SETTLING OF THE FRENCH DEBT

London.—A tentative agreement for settling the French debt on \$2 annual payments of £12,500,000 each, was signed by Winston Churchill, British chancellor of the exchequer, and M. Caillaux, French finance minister. The total payments would thus be \$75,000,000, the original debt being £23,000,000. The whole agreement hinges, however, on what terms the French debt to the United States is settled and on whether the French Government approves.

Mr. Churchill made it plain in a statement that the British were willing to go through with the bargain he and M. Caillaux have arrived at, only in the event that the United States receives no more from France in proportion to the size of the two loans than Britain.

On the face of this agreement, it would seem that Britain is willing to forego receiving any of the principal of the sums she lent France provided that France pay slightly more than two per cent. on their loan each year for 42 years—the time which it will take the British to pay their debt to the United States under the existing agreement.

Austrian Chief Of Staff Dead

Commanded Forces On Russian Front During First Months of War

Vladivostok.—Major General Baron Von Conrad Hotzendorff, chief of staff of the Austrian armies in the World War, and late commander-in-chief on the Italian front, died Aug. 26, at Mergentheim, in Wurttemberg, Germany.

Franz Conrad Von Hotzendorff, born in Penzing, a suburb of Vienna, Nov. 11, 1852, was chief of staff of the Austrian armies when the World War began.

In the first months of the war, he commanded the Austrian forces on the Russian front, but lost prestige owing to the Russian victories in the early months of the conflict. In 1915 he was credited with having planned the strategic preparations for the Austro-German attack which swept Galicia virtually clear of the Russian forces. He was promoted in rank for the recapture of Lemberg in that campaign. When Italy entered the conflict, he was given command of Austria's forces on the Italian front. He served on that front until July, 1918, when successive failures led to his replacement by Field Marshal Von Kovrlik.

Make Good Nurses

Canadian Girls Are In Demand In United States Hospitals

Ottawa.—Colonel William A. McIntyre, head of the Salvation Army activities in New England, which included the operation of a number of large hospitals and similar institutions, has discovered that Canadian girls, especially those coming direct from rural communities, make the finest kind of nurses.

Col. McIntyre states that Canadian girls are much sought for in the training schools, because they seem temperately fitted for the work, and have proven in most instances to be more adaptable to the requirements of the calling than girls born in the United States.

Up-Beat Blown Up

Copenhagen.—Another drama of the Great War ended at Vejlbj Beach, on the West Jutland coast. The German submarine, U-20, credited with the destruction of the Lusitania, torpedoed and sank off the Irish coast, May 7, 1915, with a loss of 1,206 persons, was blown up Aug. 25 by order of the Danish admiralty.

Britain's Unemployment Increases London.—There has been an increase of 29,000 in the number of unemployed persons in Great Britain, this making the increase in the past three weeks more than 100,000. The number now totals 1,298,000.

St. Paul's Fund Now \$250,000 London.—The fund towards meeting the cost of the restoration of St. Paul's Cathedral, including subscriptions from various parts of the empire, now totals \$250,000.

Amazing Hold That Wheat Has On Our Every-Day Life And History Of The World

It may seem a hackneyed subject, for it is in the mind and on the tongue of everyone today—farmer or business man—from Halifax to Vancouver. It is before our eyes wherever we go, all over the provinces; in a day or two it will be in the hands of multitudes of husky harvesters from 6 a.m. till set of sun.

And yet it may be questioned whether many of us have ever passed to consider the really amazing hold the wheat has on our every-day life and on the history of the world.

The prairie is all golden with it now; and soon the reddened stock-rows stretching round and round the sections, will be crawling up the sheaf-loaders day after day; behind the humming separators the straw piles will rise like little hills, grain wagons will be on all the roads and the mill-houses be hustling from dawn until the stars appear.

Yet this is but the climax to a whole year's toil and thought; for we dream of wheat all winter, work for wheat all spring, worry over wheat the summer through, and shave at wheat from early fall until the snow is on the ground again.

The truth is that no gold or gem was ever sought for with half the frantic energy we spend on wheat.

Equally striking is the place wheat holds in the realm of national history. Richard Jeffries, looking out across the wheat fields of Southern England many years ago, saw it threaten a reason why invasion after invasion swept those shores in ancient days.

First the Romans, next the Saxons, then the Danes, and last of all the Normans came and saw and conquered. They needed golden acres, they sought rich grain lands, they wanted wheat. "The wheat fields are the battlefields of life." If not so openly invaded as of old time, the struggle between nations is still on for the ownership or for the control of corn. Iron mines, coal mines, factories, furnaces, the counter, the desk—no one can live on iron, or coal, or cotton—the object is really sacks of wheat.

The wheat which will be rushed to elevators on all our roads this fall is much the same as that which grew in the little fields of Scotland when Burns trifled the riddle, and Highland Mary found the sheaves for her lover; it is even much the same as that which waved in the pleasant valley of Bethlehem in days when Ruth gleaned after her kinsman's reapers, and found love amid the golden ears. It may be even little different from the wheat placed in Egyptian tombs more than four thousand years ago.

But the wheat of today, and the wheat of ancient Egypt, is called wheat. It is wheat civilized, cultivated, developed and perfected. And this development has not been the work of any experimental farm. Behind the wheat of today, and the wheat of ancient Egypt, lies the heroic unrecorded story of ten thousand years of agriculture. The triumphs of modern farming are worthy of highest admiration; but they fade away into comparative insignificance when compared with the work done, ages before the dawn of history, by humble and forgotten tillers of the soil.

Look again at that sea of wheat under the harvest moon. Rank on rank the sheaves are standing, miles on miles of them, a ghostly army rising out of the buried centuries. In the light of day you might tell me that the age of those sheaves was somewhere round a hundred days; but here, in the moonlight, you realize that they were already old before the Pyramids were planned.

So, we take our hats off to the Ancient and Honourable Order of Husbandsmen, who turned wild corn into wheat, and gave the world bread from "the tares of the field."—Rev. R. Graham, B.A., in The New Outlook.

Dott's House At Windsor Castle
The Queen's doll's house, which was inaugurated last year at Wembley, now resides in Windsor Castle, in a room specially designed by Sir Edwin Lutyens. It will be exhibited to the public before long at all hours when the Castle is open to visitors.

W. N. U. 1293

Depth Of Wheat Seeding

Seeding to a Depth of From Two to Three Inches Most Satisfactory
From 1911 to 1922 an experiment was conducted at the Brandon, Man., Dominion experimental farm testing the effect of sowing wheat at depths of one, two, three and four inches. The soil used was heavy clay loam and the test has been conducted each year on summerfallow. In ten years the average has been per acre: One inch, 25 bush, 49 lb.; two inches, 39 bush, 56 lb.; three inches, 39 bush; four inches, 35 bush, 51 lb. In his report the superintendent states that similar results have been obtained with oats on fall-ploughed land, that is, that the intermediate depths have given the best yields. The proper depth, however, must depend on the kind and condition of the soil. If too near surface there is danger of surface drying; if too deep the seed has too far to grow to reach the open air and is weakened by the effort. Heavy, sandy worked or moist soil is the best; frequently the superficial point of view, more suitable for shallow seeding than light, lumpy or dry soil. Under most conditions seeding to a depth of from two to three inches will be found satisfactory.

Praise For Canadian Cattle

Command Premium in Great Britain Says Big Dealer

Canadians must press upon their government to take a more aggressive attitude in order that Canadian cattle be admitted to Great Britain on equal terms with Irish cattle, declared T. J. Irwin, of Glasgow, the leading dress meat dealer in Scotland and vice-president of the Livestock Producers of Canada, Ltd., in addressing the Saskatoon board of trade. "The premium Western Canadian cattle bring in the British markets over Irish cattle is not a premium at all; it is a recognition of the quicker gains the Canadian animal makes in the Old Country feed lots," he said. "Canadian cattle are the healthiest animals that touch the shores of Great Britain. They are better liver, possessing a vigor and vitality which the Irish cattle do not possess. If the Canadian farmer will provide themselves with the right type of foundation stock, his premium will not be in shillings, but in pounds per head."

Grasshopper Control

Both Natural and Artificial Methods Should Be Studied

Messrs. R. C. Treherne and E. R. Busch, of the Dominion entomological branch, are authors of a bulletin, No. 29, of the department of agriculture, Ottawa, dealing with the "Grasshoppers of British Columbia, with particular reference to the influence of injurious species on the range lands of the province." While the authors thus circumscribe themselves there is much in the bulletin of a great deal more common interest. As they say, while in gardens, on meadows and in cultivated grain or hay fields, grasshoppers can be controlled by poisoned baits, by artificial barriers, or, in some cases, by cultural methods, on the open range such measures can only be practised with difficulty. This holds in each case the study of both natural and artificial measures of control becomes of prime importance. In furtherance of this object the bulletin commends itself.

Old Bell Legends

July, the month of thunderstorms, used to be a busy time for the bell-ringers, for old-time country lore recommended ringing the church bells as the surest means of dissipating thunder, or preventing damage by lightning. Some of the old bells bear witness to the belief in their inscriptions, as: "The winds so fierce I do dispense;" and "Lightning and thunder I break asunder;" while church accounts in bygone centuries contained many items for refreshments or money "to ringers in the thunder."

Would Help
"I'd be much better off if they'd put that sign on the mail box."
"What sign?"
"Post no bills."

Rats Invade The West

Are Now Found in Eastern Part of Saskatchewan

"Kill the Rat," is the title of a sanitation bulletin recently issued by the Saskatchewan department of public health, in which an urgent appeal is made to the people of Saskatchewan to take active steps to check the invasion of this province by these pests. "The rat is responsible," says the bulletin, "for the spread of bubonic plague through the flea which infests the rat's fur. Plague or 'black death' has killed 23,000,000 people in Europe, and is today prevalent in India, Asia and Africa and in recent years has been carried to the continent of America. Canada, so far as been immune from this dread disease, but if our country is to be kept free from the menace of plague every community must concentrate on the destruction of the rat pest."

"Not only does the rat spread plague and other diseases, but he destroys property, kills poultry and eats grain and merchandise. The yearly damage done by the rat in the United States is estimated at two hundred million dollars. If our entire province becomes rat infested, the cost of the annual destruction to property and merchandise will be approximately \$1,500,000. It is now found in the territory east of a line drawn from the international boundary through Laupman, Broadview, Springdale and Freceville."

The bulletin discusses the various ways of destroying rats, which are given as destroying the nesting places, depriving him of his food, trapping, poisoning or asphyxiating him, and regarding the latter method it is stated that the exhaust gas from an automobile, known as carbon monoxide, may be used to advantage and is very deadly in a confined space. In field burrows or under stacks, a rubber hose should be fastened to the exhaust pipe and the other end inserted into the burrow and packed with damp earth to confine the gas. Having stopped all exits, the engine should be started and run up to 15 miles an hour for 15 minutes, which should finish all the rats.

National Opulence

Wealth of Farming Industry is Increasing Very Rapidly

Farmers who, as individuals, become discouraged, should take heart in the increase of \$142,782,000 in the wealth of Canadian farmers in 1924 over the previous year, with a total agricultural revenue of \$1,452,568,000. Workers in our "largest industry" cannot isolate themselves but must come to the conclusion that they are each part producers of national wealth and part recipients of benefits therefrom. Mortgages and blighted crops rise as ghosts but vanish when we look at the staggering figures of national opulence.—Grand Forks Gazette.

Tokio Ground Is Soft

Construction of a subway at Tokio has been found very difficult because the ground upon which the city is built is very soft. In some places subway excavations have caused streets to sink a foot.



Prize Winning Clydesdales for Canada

The above prize Clydesdales are one of a shipment of six splendid horses which were shipped from Glasgow recently on the Canadian Pacific steamship "Metagama," for Mr. James Torrance and Mr. Wm. McLeary, of Ontario. The exporters are Messrs. A. Montgomery and Co., of Jordonland, Kirkcubrightshire. The opinion of the experts is that this is one of the finest batch of horses that has left Scotland for many years.

Value Of Tree Planting Is Now Better Understood By People Of Prairie Provinces

Sweet Clover Cultivation

Value Of Clover As A Soil Builder Has Been Definitely Proven

In his pamphlet on "Sweet Clover," Mr. Derick, of the Brandon, Man., Dominion experimental farm throws out some suggestions deserving of consideration not only in his own province, but generally elsewhere. After alluding to the fact that the value of sweet clover as a soil builder has been definitely proved, Mr. Derick says: Sweet clover can be depended upon for good yields of hay under almost any conditions of soil and climate; as a pasture it has a carrying capacity unequalled by most crops; it is an abundant seed producer; it can be made into silage but to prevent silmages requires further maturity or to be mixed with some dry roughage; early seeding is recommended; when a nurse crop is used 10 or 15 pounds of clover seed per acre is a satisfactory rate of seeding; shallow seeding is preferable, provided the seed-bed is mellow and firm; seeding with a nurse crop at slightly less than the normal rate is most economical; cutting the crop in the early bud stage, leaving a four or five-inch stubble will make the most palatable hay and allow for a second growth; harvesting with the binder and curing in the sheaf will preserve the maximum amount of leaves and reduce the cost of handling the crop; broom grass has advantage over other grasses as a mix with sweet clover; growing sweet clover in intertilled rows for seed production is recommended; inoculation of the seed is inexpensive and is advisable on the newer fields.

Feeder Purchase Policy

Government Offers Assistance to Eastern Canada Cattle Feeders

Announcement of a feeder purchase policy, under which the Dominion livestock branch of the department of agriculture will again offer assistance to cattle feeders from Eastern Canada who purchase one or more loads of feeder cattle, either at one of the feeder sales to be held this fall, or direct from the range, is announced. Under the terms of this policy, the government will pay a one-way fare and incidental expenses of a feeder to the west, who will be expected to comply with certain conditions set forth by the department.

Alberta Coal Unhipped

Very little—not more than two or three thousand tons—remains unhipped of the trial shipment of 25,000 tons of coal from Alberta mines. It was stated in response to inquiries. The remainder will likely be moved east after the bulk of the harvest grain rush has been carried, though the special rate for carrying this coal, made by the Canadian National Railway, was not effective after August 15th.

Manitoba Butter

Western Product Increasing in Favor on the British Market

Manitoba butter, and the Canadian product generally, is increasing in favor with the British buyer to judge from recent letters to L. A. Gibson, dairy commissioner.

An importer writes from Glasgow saying that the quality was excellent in recent shipments, the only criticism being a higher color than the trade requires in that city. In this connection, Mr. Gibson points out that there is little or no artificial color used at this time of year when the pasture is good and the milk butter is difficult to produce.

W. A. Wilson, dairy products representative, also writes of shipments which gave excellent satisfaction.

The difference between New Zealand, Australian and Canadian butter is fast narrowing. Mr. Gibson says, having come within three or four shillings on the 100 lbs.

Desires to Settle Down

Capitalist of the Western Hapsburg army, has finished working his wild oats and has reached the conclusion—at the age of 34 years—that, after all, bachelorhood isn't the right estate for man when he begins to get lonely. Consequently he has taken unto himself a wife, who is comparatively of flapper age—76 years.



Proven best
Since 1867

**Makes
a husky kiddy**

FREE BABY BOOKS
Write to The Borden Co.
Limited, Montreal, for
two baby Welfare Books.

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Canadian export trade showed an advance and import trade a reduction during the twelve months ended July.

The first London has arrived in Berlin. It is introduced as an experiment and, should it prove satisfactory, 200 of them will be put in operation.

Assurance has been received from the C.N.R. engineers' department at Winnipeg that track laying on the Turfdown southeast branch will commence early in the fall.

When a policeman at Orange, N.J., ordered their fiery cross extinguished, 500 Ku Klux Klansmen continued their initiation ceremonies in total darkness.

San Francisco now boasts of a seven-story building for training firemen. It has a special room where the firemen brave smoke and heat out protective devices.

T. W. Young, who has been in the Dominion Government's grain inspection department at Winnipeg for the last 21 years, has been appointed grain inspector at Calgary.

The students at the government colleges at Peking decided to end their strike called in sympathy with the anti-foreign movement. They will return to their studies when the fall terms begin.

Three human skeletons, believed to be of the Neolithic age, have been discovered by archaeologists at Soltau, France. The skeletons are believed to be from six to eight thousand years old.

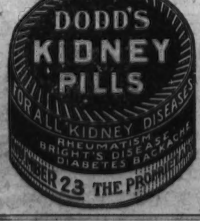
Fire has destroyed most of the medical department of Kyushu University at Fukuoka, Japan. Among the buildings destroyed was the hospital. The loss is estimated at one million yen.

Norfolk, Neb., has learned that Dr. Richard J. Tanager, a resident for years, is in reality the "Diamond Dick" of Wild West fame, one-time associate of Buffalo Bill, "Wild Bill" Hickok and "Famous Jim" Major Gordon Lilly, noted characters of a past era.

One million dollars annually might be saved by the United States in its bill for printing money if the people would use fewer one dollar bills and more twos. Avoidance of the two is blamed on a superstition that they are unlucky. The bureau of efficiency has issued a statement about it.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, an excellent remedy.

To facilitate the movement of traffic, and as a safety measure, the city of Washington has raised the speed limit for automobiles from 18 to 22 miles an hour.



W. N. U. 1693

Bells Shipped From London to New York

Large Carillon For Church Welcomes Nearly Ten Tons

A large carillon of bells was recently shipped from London for Park Avenue Baptist Church, New York, weighing 9½ tons. Such an unusual shipment necessitated special transport arrangements. Permission had to be obtained from the authorities to convey the biggest bell through the streets, as owing to its size it contravened traffic regulations. The bells were taken from London by lorry to the Thames, where they were transferred to lighters and towed to the ship's side in King George V. dock. There a big floating crane was run alongside and the bells hoisted into one of the Alhambra's holds, where they were secured on a heavy wooden staging. Scores of bundles of rags were then packed tightly round them. The structural gear for these bells weighs another 10 tons.



Charming Pantie Dress

Every child needs many frocks, and what mother will not want to make one, or even several, with this charming frock as a model. The design is so simple and the dainty printed and colored fabrics in the shops so fascinating, that it is the duty to see what delightful frocks can be evolved with little effort. The front of the printed frock above is cut at the armhole, and the skirt joined to the upper part by several rows of shirring, forming a yoke effect. The collar is one piece and its comfort to the neck. The sleeves are long and gathered to a narrow band, and adorable little pockets trim the front. The panties are cut in two pieces only, with elastic run through a casing at the top. Sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 years requires 2½ yards of 32-inch, or 2½ yards of 36-inch material. Price 20 cents.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of the book 10 cents the copy. Each copy includes one coupon good for five cents in the purchase of any pattern.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
175 McDermid Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Province

Send 50c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

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Say "Bayer"—Insist!

For Colds Headache

Neuralgia Rheumatism

Lumbago Pain

Safe Accept only a Bayer package

which contains proven directions

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets

Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Mono-acetylsalicylic acid of Bay-Werke.

Cheered For Canada

Empire Press Meeting in New Zealand

Asplen Spectator of Canadian

There was a remarkable scene at a banquet given by Premier J. G. Coates at Wellington, New Zealand, in honor of the visiting press delegates, who were on their way to Australia to attend the imperial press conference, in connection with a speech made by J. H. Woods, of the Calgary Herald, president of the Canadian Press.

Mr. Woods spoke for Canada in response to the welcoming words of Premier Coates, following Lord Buryham, president of the imperial press conference. Mr. Woods eloquently appealed for tolerance and active sympathy among the dominions.

When he sat down the gathering roared and cheered Canada and the New Zealanders scrambled to shake hands with Mr. Woods. They expressed admiration and good wishes for Canada.

Internally and Externally it is Good.

The crowning property of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is that it can be used internally for many complaints as well as externally. For sore throat, croup, whooping cough, pains in the chest, colds and many kindred ailments it has qualities that are unsurpassed. A bottle of it costs little and there is no loss in always having it at hand.

Many Scientists in Leningrad

A census undertaken by the Leningrad Academy of Science shows there are 4,265 acknowledged scientists in Leningrad, while in Moscow there are only 3,740. The majority of the scientists are mathematicians and natural science specialists. Agriculturists form only four per cent. of the above figures. The percentage of women among the Moscow and Leningrad scientists is 14 per cent. and 22 per cent., respectively.

A Power of its Own—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil has a subtle power of its own. All who have used it know this and keep it by them as the most valuable implement available. Its uses are innumerable and for many years it has been prized as the leading implement for man and beast.

Catch Monster Lake Trout

While trolling at Cold Lake recently two anglers caught a 33-pound lake trout. For two hours and one-half, the men fought the fish in an endeavor to land it. Finally, the trollers were successful in pulling it in, but had to call in the services of an ax to put an end to the struggles of the fish.

FOR DIARRHOEA

DYSENTERY

AND ALL

SUMMER COMPLAINTS

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Rebuilding Schools in B.C.

Doukhobors Completing Six to Replace Those They Burned

Six new Doukhobor schools, erected by the Christian Community of Universal Brotherhood, are being rushed to completion to replace those burned in the last couple of years, forming the number of Doukhobor schools to ten.

The community is exceeding its promise made in June to build four schools, and education officials are much pleased at the spirit shown.

The only burned school not being replaced this season is the one at Slocan, whose pupils will be accommodated in the Carson and Columbia schools.

The new schools are at Outlook in the Grand Forks district and at Onda, Kesteven and Pass Creek, and two at Brilliant in the Nelson district.

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Now your grocer has the cheese you like so well in this handy size.

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**We Have It On Good Authority
That We Are To Discontinue
THE HOG BUSINESS**

Also that we have been buying Hogs and not
PAYING WHAT WE ADVERTISE.

Gentlemen! We did not enter the Hog business with the intention of putting anyone out of business, we are not strong enough financially to enter Trade War.

We Flatly and Emphatically Declare
that we have invested our money in accommodation and equipment and that money will not lay idle so long as a single customer will patronize us.

Since we entered the business our competitors have learned that they can eliminate yardage and Commission in Calgary. If those people are playing square this should reduce handling charges to our basis, so in that event we deserve credit and support of the people of the district.

**MacKay Bros.
CROSSFIELD.**

BE IT KNOWN

To the Public of Crossfield and vicinity that a
FIRST CLASS BAKERY
Has been established 2 doors from Guy's Coffee House

All kinds of Baking done, Bread, Pastry, Pies, Cakes, &c.
COME IN AND LOOK US OVER.

H. WILCOX, Proprietor.

To be shown in

HAVENS' HALL

Thursday, Sept. 24th, 1925, at 8.30 p.m.
THOMAS, MEIGHEN, in

"The Man Who Found Himself,"

By Booth Tartington. Comedy: "Wedding Showers."

Admission:- Children 22c. Tax 25c. Adults.- 50c. Tax 5c.



The good son (Richard Dool) and the dour old young man (Red LaRocque) cause grief for their mother (Edythe Chapman) and drama for Cecil B. DeMille's "The Ten Commandments" greatest of Human Pictures

First Week in October

LOOK OUT FOR

"THE TEN COMMANDMENTS,"

By CECILE B. DeMILLS

WHAT THE POOL CAN DO

To the Farmers of Western Canada:

The Wheat Pool has come to stay. In one short and trying year it has proved superior to the old marketing system to which the farmer was bound, and even those most bitterly opposed to the Pool admit that the Wheat Pool is now a permanent institution.

With control of only 45 per cent. of the crop, the contract holders got a better price than the average paid to the "Doubting Thomases" who still keep on giving profits to others for handling the grain they should handle themselves through their own Pool.

With control of 75 per cent. of the crop, the Pool could limit buying and selling to supply and demand which ensures a square deal to producer and consumer with the speculator eliminated.

The speculator cannot operate without grain to handle. The more grain he gets the more paper wheat he can create. Paper wheat can be used against the grower. 75 per cent. control will kill the influence of paper wheat on prices.

If the present contract holders want to get the most OUT of the Pool they should get more INTO the Pool. It should be much easier to get two new contract signers now than it was to get one before the Pool was put across. In getting new signers they will help themselves in helping their neighbor to market his wheat the right way, the co-operative way.

Foreign buyers like the Pool. With connection opened up with every wheat buying country in the world, the Pool will continue to sell direct to those buyers. The more wheat it controls the easier it will be to keep wheat off the option market and give the grower the full selling value of his grain.

Under the old system the man who grew the wheat built up elevators, local and terminal and grain equipment worth many millions of dollars, and gave them to those who handled his wheat and paid them large profits besides. The elevators bought or built by the Pool are owned by the Pool Members. All the returns from the sale of wheat go back to the man who grows the wheat.

Volume means control. More members are needed.
Make it 75% this year with 100% as the objective for 1927.

THE CANADIAN WHEAT POOLS.

Many Autos Registered

More than 52,000 cars are operating in Alberta this year, compared with something over 47,000 in 1924. The total receipts from car licenses thus far this year have been \$912,000 compared with \$845,000 for the entire year of 1924.

**"Ten Commandments"
Has Many Friends.**

"The Ten Commandments" probably has more press agents than any picture made, which may explain why capacity audiences greeted it wherever it played last year when it was being shown at \$2.00 admission throughout the world. Almost without exception, priests, rabbis, ministers, teachers, and writers who see the picture at once launch a publicity campaign on behalf of Cecil B. DeMille's opus. Such distinguished men as Cardinal Hayes, Rabbi Wise and Bishop Manning have urged parents and teachers to send their children in order to learn the decalogue from the screen. This picture will be shown on Thursday, October 1st, at Crossfield, at the following prices—Adults 85c., including tax. Children 50c., including tax.

Special orchestral music with this picture.

**John (Shorty) Nier, Crossfield
Old Timer Dies.**

The death of John (Shorty) Nier, an old-timer of forty years standing in this district, occurred on Friday, September 11th, at his home of his closest friend George Murdoch. Shorty Nier, as he was known throughout the entire south country, came here in 1881 from the Sweet Grass Hills in Montana to become a well known rancher. He had been ill prior to his death for the past two or three years, and had been at the coast for some time in the hope of regaining his health. He is survived by one brother and three sisters who are at present living in California. The funeral took place on Monday last, at the Union Cemetery, Calgary. The following were in attendance from Crossfield:—Mr. and Mrs. F. Collicutt, Mrs. Murdoch, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Murdoch and William, Cal. Murdoch, Wm. Murdoch, W. Fenwick, W. Skinner, A. McIlroy and F. Ingman. Funeral arrangements were in the hands of the Old Timers' Association.



*After the fire
is Out—
people are always
thinking about fire
Insurance. The time
for such thoughts is
before the fire starts.
INSURE NOW*

A. W. SMART
Crossfield, Alta.

Pasture For Rent.—Pasture for Horses, plenty of feed and water. Apply C. Dunningham, Bottrel.

Pasture for 40 or 50 head of Cattle. For particulars apply to J. A. Aldred, Crossfield.



ADOPT THEM

Adopt the use of Classified Want Ads. They have proved money makers for others. They are appreciated by the buyer, as they enable him to quickly locate the place where he can find his requirements. Will he find your business represented?

**Look Over Your Stock of
PRINTED STATIONERY**
and let us have your next order.

Loose Leaf Ledger Sheets,
Letter Heads, Envelopes
and Statements,
or any other printing you use.

"The Chronicle," Crossfield.

**A Canadian
General Electric
Product**

Needs No Advertising

"SUPREMACY" IS THEIR MOTTO

Just as naturally as you go to a Garage with Car trouble So you should Look To Us with Radio Worries. If your Set is not functioning properly, or you want particulars on a New Set visit H. A. BANNISTER, at the Radio Shop

**We can supply you with the
BEST THRESHING MACHINE**

on the Market for the Money, a J.I. CASE, very liberal terms Also Reasonable Prices on RUBBER BELTING, of all kinds.

SERVICE GARAGE

Phone 11. REID & CASEY, Prop's.
CROSSFIELD.